

Breed: Wyandotte Varieties: Silver Laced (pictured), Golden Laced, White, Black, Buff, Partridge, Columbian, Silver Pencilled, & Blue Class: American

Photo Source: www.poultrykeeper.com

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- The Wyandotte is named after the Wyandotte Native American tribe.
- The Wyandotte was accepted into the APA in 1883 starting with the Silver Laced variety.
- Silver Laced Wyandottes were developed in the state of New York, where they were known as "American Sebrights" and "Sebright Cochins".
- Golden Laced Wyandottes originated in Wisconsin from a crossing between Silver Laced Wyandotte females and a crossbred Partridge Cochin/Brown Leghorn cockerel.
- The Columbian variety received its name after it first exhibition which was at the 1893 Columbian Exposition, or World's Fair, in Chicago.
- Wyandotte chickens are a dual purpose breed meaning they are used for both meat and eggs.
- > Wyandottes come in both largefowl and bantam sizes.
- The American Poultry Association standard weights for largefowl Wyandotte cocks and hens are 8.5 lbs. and 6.5 lbs., respectively.
- Wyandottes have red ear lobes and hens lay 200 brown-shelled eggs per year.
- All of the varieties of the Wyandotte breed have rose combs.